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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Admiral Dewey reports the Ben-ington slightly damaged by ground-g on a shoal in Manila bay. —— en. Lawton advanced his position ro and a half miles and met with but ight opposition. —— The American rces are converging upon Mount ayat, the last insurgent stronghold Luzon and are expected to reach at place within four days. —— he Navy Department has made allot-ent for the naval militia of the ates; the apportionment for North arolina is $2,328.15. —— President cKinley will leave Washington onday for Hot Spring, Va. —— d Lowrey, a nephew of Henry Berry owrey, shot and killed Tucker Dial Scuffletown, Robeson county; the urderer escaped. —— Maj. Geo. Whitehead, of the staff of Gen. heaton in the late civil war, died sterday in Savannah., Georgia. —New York markets: Money on ll steady at 4 per cent.; cotton eady; middling uplands 6 3-16c ; our was steadier but quiet; wheat—ot firm; No. 2 red 83⅞c.; corn -spot m; No. 2, 41⅛c.; rosin firm; strained, mmon to good, $1.45@1.50; spirits rpentine firm at 44½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S Dep't of Agriculture, Weather Bureau. Wilmington, N. C., May 6.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 68 deg.; 8 P.M., deg.; maximum, 75 deg.; minimum, deg.; mean, 69 deg.

Rainfall for the day, T.; rainfall nce 1st of the month up to date, .48.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

The temperature was slightly lower esterday over Georgia; elsewhere ightly higher. Heavy rain occurred uring the past twenty-four hours in e Little Rock district, Fort Smith, rk., reporting 3.50 inches. Light owers occurred in the Carolinas.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—For North arolina—Showers Sunday; Monday air; variable winds.

Port Almanac--May 7.

un Rises	5.04 A. M.
un Sets	6.49 P. M.
ay's Length	13 H. 45 M.
igh Water at Southport	6.18 P. M.
igh Water, Wilmington	9 48 P. M.

Last year the diamond gougers in ape Colony raked out $17,751,940 orth of the stones, on which they ade a net profit of $8,651,639.

Governor Roosevelt is threatened ith a bill—ious attack. He has 600 ills passed by the Legislature which e must tackle and act upon within ss than thirty days.

Some savage has been sending urrilous remarks on Secretary lger to Mrs. Alger. That fellow, caught, should be confined and d exclusively on Alger's canned ast beef.

The Greensboro *Patriot* has issued splendid illustrated edition show-g the industrial progress and con-ition of that city, twenty-eight ages intelligently compiled and rranged and handsomely executed.

For a prairie State Kansas is com-ng to the front as a fruit tree culti-ator. There are in the State ,500,000 apple, 4,000,000 peach, ,200,000 cherry and 630,000 plum rees, in bearing, about fifteen trees o each inhabitant.

Hanna is going to divide the honors of bossing the next Republi-can campaign with Senator Elkins, of West Virginia, who will run the machine in the territory East of the Alleghanies. But Hanna will doubtless still continue to tote the hat.

American occupation of Cuba has given Spain some idea of how she was buncoed by the gentlemen she sent over there to attend to business for her. Out of $28,000,000 of taxes annually collected they turned over only $9,000,000, pocketing the $19,-000,000 difference.

Richard R. Marsey, a half-breed Indian, has reached a conspicuous position in New York. He was a scout in the Government service, served in the war between the States, was a spy during the Sit-ting Bull war, has been married five times, has twenty-two children living and is now a street sweeper in Gotham.

Wire nest-building is not one of the industries in England, but it seems the herons have caught on to it. A heron's nest recently blown from a tree proved to have been built almost altogther out of such wire as is used in binding grain. Examination showed that a number of nests in the heronry were con-structed out of the same material.

Special prices in good things this week at the C. W. Polvogt Co. †

The C. W. Polvogt Co. share a good thing with their customers. Read their advt. †

LOCAL DOTS.

— The officers of the *Raleigh* are unanimous in the opinion that the Wilmington mint julep is "out" of sight."

— Only two marriage licenses were granted during the week to white persons. One was issued to a colored couple.

— The sociable by the Baltimore Italian Band to have been given in Hibernian Hall last Thursday evening will be held to-morrow (Monday) night.

— Justice Bornemann had Duke Kelly, colored, before his tribunal yesterday for assault upon another negro. Judgment was suspended upon payment of costs.

— A negro washerwoman, apparently about 60 years old, had a fit on Campbell between Sixth and Seventh streets yesterday morning. She was cared for by friends.

— Melissa and John Pigford were tried by Justice Fowler yesterday for disorderly conduct in a negro dance hall. The cases were unimportant and the defendants were discharged.

— Capt. Aheman, of the Swedish barque *Ada*, is here. He is a fine old man, and knows the difference between a glass of beer and a lot of plain "stuff." He is a "partner" from 'way back, and never fools his friends.

— The STAR is requested to announce that the chorus and the orchestra to take part in the second concert benefit, Fifth Street Church, are requested to meet for rehearsal at 8:15 o'clock on Tuesday night.

— The gentleman who accidentally took the wrong hat at the Cape Fear Club last night, will please apply at the STAR office and receive information which will lead to the restoration of the hats in question to rightful owners.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

D. L. Gore—Offering.
King Grocery Co.—A relish.
Vollers & Hashagen—Cigars.
C. W. Yates & Co.—Cameras.
Str. Wilmington—For Southport.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Good things.
M. H. Curran.—Best fitting clothing.
John D. Chadwick—Hotel Bristol.
Geo. O. Gaylord—Selling bargains.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

For sale—Milch cow.
Seats—Dark Town Minstrels.
P. H. Hayden—Buggies, harness.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. T. C. Daniels, of Newbern, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Sam White, of Mebane, is the guest of Mr. Walter Daggett.

— Mr. Ed. Royal, of Goldsboro, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Will Brooks, of Black Creek, is visiting friends in the city.

— Miss Eliza Hodges, of Wilson, is the guest of Miss Della Clark, on Market street.

— Misses Eva and Hattie Farmer, of Wilson, are the guests of Mr. Graham Farmer.

— Mrs. William S. Cook, Mrs. Hattie Starr and Mrs. Holland, of Fayetteville, are the guests of Mrs. Johnson, on Sixth street.

Wm. Oscar Millis, who has been in the Western part of the State, arrived at home yesterday afternoon, but two late to attend the funeral of his father, the late J. W. Millis.

— Mr. C. J. Cate, of Wilson, N. C., formerly Miss Spink, of Albemarle, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Mercer, on Second street.

— Mrs. Griffin, of New York, who has been the guest of Mrs. Arringdale the past several days, left for her home last night. Mrs. Arringdale will accompany her as far as Baltimore.

— Rev. W. S. Creasy, D. D., now pastor of the Centenary Methodist Church of Winston-Salem, arrived in the city last night for a few days' rest and recreation. He was at one time pastor of Grace Church in this city and his friends and admirers here are legion.

— Mr. A. B. Gwathmey, of New York, well known in Wilmington, where he is frequently a visitor, is meeting with good success with his racing stable this season. His horse "Albert C," a famous trotter is expected to put his mark down to 2.10 for the Speedway Kingship meeting.

More of the Jacob's Cigars.

Deputy Collector Babbitt was on his rounds again yesterday for Jacobs' cigars and as on the previous days of his visit to Wilmington, made a goodly number of seizures. The seizures up to date will aggregate about 50,000 and there are other "precincts to hear from." He hopes to conclude his work here on Monday and will then visit other towns in the district on a similar search for cigars, bearing the counterfeit evidence of duty paid to "Uncle Sam."

A Pleasant Boat Party.

The steamer *Navassa* carried a party down the river yesterday to see the *Raleigh*. The party was as follows: Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Borden, Col. and Mrs. Walker Taylor, Captain and Mrs. Will Pemberton, Miss Fannie Taylor, Miss May Beverly French, Miss Bessie Wiggins, Miss Lilla Bellamy, Mr. D. T. Cronly, Mr. Raine of Atlanta, and Mr. H. W. Malloy.

Read the advertisement. of the C. W. Polvogt Co. †

THE RALEIGH'S VISIT.

She Will Remain in Cape Fear Waters Until 3.00 O'clock Monday Afternoon.

ENTERTAINMENT CEREMONIES

Formal Presentation of Trophy to City of Raleigh at The Orton—Trip to the Cruiser—The Cape Fear Club's Reception.

The most notable ceremony yesterday, in connection with the visit of Captain Coghlan and the officers of the cruiser *Raleigh* to this city, was the formal presentation of the Nordenfeldt cannon to the city of Raleigh by the officers of the cruiser, which occurred about 10 o'clock in the parlors of The Orton. The trophy was, as noted in yesterday's issue, informally presented to a committee of Raleigh gentlemen Friday on board the cruiser.

At the formal ceremony yesterday the officers of the *Raleigh*, the delegation from the city of Raleigh, and quite a party of Wilmingtonians were present. Captain Coghlan made the presentation speech. He said:

"I take this occasion, gentlemen, of formally presenting to you here in the presence of my fellow officers a gun recovered from the Spanish cruiser *Reina Christina*. In doing so, we do not claim that we took any more part than the other vessels of the American squadron in the destruction of the flagship of the Spanish fleet.

"Raleigh is an inland city and the cruiser bearing her name can never visit her people. It is for this reason that we present this gift. We desire that the city might know that all on board always had in mind that fair city with whose name she has been honored. Hence the trophy.

"We hope you will accept it in the spirit in which it is given; not from its intrinsic value, but as an expression of love and esteem of the officers and crew for the people of the city that has given the cruiser her name."

The speech of acceptance on the part of the city was by R. N. Simms, Esq., one of the most brilliant junior members of the Raleigh bar. His speech was as follows:

GENTLEMEN—To me has been delegated the honor of receiving this trophy at your hands. In behalf, therefore, of the Mayor and the citizens of Raleigh I accept it and render to you our thanks. It is a fitting token to come from you to us. It is the appropriate trophy for those who bear North Carolina's capital's name to bring back to North Carolina's soil. It is well that you come bearing the spoils of victory, for North Carolina, like the Roman mother, desires to see her sons return with their shields or upon them. If we commend you for your bravery it is the commendation of a warlike people. North Carolina was first in the revolution, at Alamance and Mecklenburg; first in the civil war, at Bethel; first in the Spanish war, at Cardenas; and now to this list of rare distinctions she adds the proud honor of having been first at Manila, through the vessel that bore her capital's name! We congratulate you, gentlemen, that you have the privilege of manning a vessel named for the capital of a State upon whose standards the eagles of victory perch and upon whose banners there is no stain. We congratulate ourselves, on the other hand, that the vessel dearer than all others to North Carolina hearts is manned by such brave and such noble men. We are proud that it was given to "our vessel" to be the leader in the greatest naval victory in all the annals of war. We are proud of the vessel that fired the first shot at the yellow flag of Spanish despotism in far off Manila bay. We are proud of the captain that commanded her. Though others may misunderstand him or purposely malign his name, the citizens of Raleigh will stand behind him in all that he has done. And we are proud of the men that he commanded, the men behind the guns. Great was the captain, great was the admiral—the peerless Dewey, than whom no greater ever lived—but as great as either were the men.

We are proud of this trophy that you've brought us, telling as it does of the matchless valor of American hearts and the deathless glory of American arms. We are proud that it is a Spanish gun. We promise you that it shall be the only Spanish thing in town. Until recently our city colors were yellow and red, but we've changed them now. They looked too much like Spaniards or smallpox—one as bad as the other—and we didn't want either one. So we have changed them and they are now white and red—the colors of Sir Walter Raleigh. And in this connection it gives me pleasure to say to you, captain, and to your brave men, that we now have in course of manufacture a handsome flag of the new city colors, which shall bear the coat-of-arms of the State, and which upon its completion we shall tender to you as some token of our esteem.

Again permit me to say that we thank you for this trophy that you've brought. We shall place it in one of our public parks. Our wish is that as its mouth shall never speak thunder upon the field of battle again, so may the mouths of those be hushed who would malign the motives of the men who captured it. A mute monument it shall be to their bravery, more eloquent than words, more substantial than flattery. Though silent, yet shall it speak to the youth of our State, encouraging them to noble deeds, and inspiring in them the desire to follow in the footsteps of those heroes of ours who have stricken the shackles from two tyrannized races, redeemed from monarchism and mediaevalism the last foot of American soil, captured the last strongholds of Spanish despotism, demonstrated to the world that republicanism means something more than selfishness, and blazoned once more upon the pages of history the eternal truth that the right must always vanquish error and that—

Liberty must reign where'er the sun
Doth his successive journeys run.

Long may triumph's banners wave o'er the Raleigh! May she never know defeat while she fights for the right, and may she ever be the first in victory!

The Raleigh committee left on the 3.20 S. A. L. train yesterday for Raleigh, carrying with them the cannon.

Captain Coghlan and the other officers of the cruiser went down the river on the *Marion* to the *Raleigh* yesterday about 11.30 o'clock, returning about 6 P. M. They were accompanied by quite a party of ladies and gentlemen. The officers and a few friends including Assistant Attorney General Boyd, Mrs. Coghlan and Mrs. Haywood subsequently shared the pleasures of a delightful dinner at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James Sprunt.

Last night the officers of the *Raleigh* were entertained at a reception by the Cape Fear Club.

It is the purpose of Captain Coghlan to weigh anchor for Charleston about 3 P. M. to-morrow.

MET IN ANNUAL SESSION.

The American Fruit and Produce Travellers's Association Adjourned to Meet in Warsaw Tuesday.

The annual meeting of the American Fruit and Produce Travellers' Association met in the office of the Merchants' Association at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Eugene W. Barnes, of Providence R. I., presided, and in the absence of the Secretary, Mr. Lot. Jacques, of Smithfield, Md., Mr. Jno. R. Franklin, of Baltimore, served as secretary.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year;

President—J. H. Johnson, of Providence, R. I.

Vice President—Geo. H. Le Coto, of Cleveland, Ohio.

Secretary and Treasurer—Jno. R. Franklin, of Baltimore.

A number of matters of routine business of interest only to members of the association was transacted. Resolutions of thanks to the Atlantic Coast Line for a special train and to the Merchant's Association for the use of their office, were adopted. The special train referred to was that run from Goldsboro yesterday to bring the members to this city.

The selection of the place for the next annual meeting was left in the hands of the executive committee. The meeting adjourned to meet in special session at Warsaw on Tuesday.

THE CONFEDERATE RE-UNION.

Indications Point to Large Attendance From Wilmington.

Wilmington veterans will be much in evidence at Charleston during the progress of the Confederate reunion in that city this week.

The camp here is one of the most enthusiastic in the State and the talk with veterans for weeks past has been about the reunion and the probability of attending.

Col. W. J. Woodward, chief uuartermaster, N. C. Division United Confederate Veterans, has been especially active in arranging accommodations for all those who may attend; and it is probable North Carolina will be even better represented at Charleston than at former reunions.

The STAR is requested to call attention of veterans to the fact that the train on the W., C. & A. railroad leaves at 3.45 P. M., on Tuesday and in order to participate in the grand parade on Wednesday, 10th, it will be necessary for them to leave at this time.

Steamer Schedule To-day.

Captain Harper and Captain Jorgensen carried large crowds of excursionists to Southport to see the *Raleigh* on the steamers *Wilmington* and *Southport* yesterday. To-day they announce that the *Southport* will leave Market street dock at 10 o'clock A. M., and returning will leave Southport at 2.30 this afternoon. The *Wilmington* will leave Market street dock this afternoon at 2 o'clock, and will arrive here on the return trip at 7.30 o'clock in the evening. A large crowd will no doubt avail themselves of this opportunity to see the celebrated cruiser on her triumphant return to American waters.

Dr. Strange Sailed Yesterday.

A telegram was received in the city yesterday from Dr. Robert Strange dated on board the steamer *Ems*, on which he sailed yesterday morning for his trip to Europe. Dr. Strange's many friends in Wilmington wish for him a successful and pleasant voyage and that he may return to the congregation of St. James' Church and to his host of friends in Wilmington, much improved in health and strength.

The Municipal Court.

No cases of importance were before Mayor Waddell yesterday morning. H. Hileman, a Norwegian sailor, for being drunk and down, was fined $2.-65; three young white boys were arrested by Chief Parmele for throwing stones but they were dismissed with an admonition never to repeat the offence. There were also a number of cases for fast driving on Market street, but all were dismissed with costs.

At Schubert Hall.

The usual Saturday afternoon recital was given by pupils in Miss Chasten's studio, Schubert Hall, yesterday at 5.30 o'clock. The participants were Miss May Muse, Miss Lucy McEachern, Miss Maude Bullock, Miss Keith Covington and Master James Craft. There were a number of visitors, and the programme was much enjoyed.

Policemen's Helmets.

The policemen have decided to furnish themselves with the helmets prescribed by the police committee, of the Knox make, which are sold in the city by Mr. R. F. Hamme. They will be of blue to match the uniforms. Mr. Hamme had one of them as a sample for the inspection of the men at the City Hall yesterday.

ALLEGED PICKPOCKETS RELEASED.

A. J. Marshall, Esq., Became Surety for Hermann, Cornell and Mosely.

Joseph Hermann, John Mosley and Edward M. Cornell, the three young men committed to jail Friday afternoon in default of $200 justified bond for their appearance at the June term of Criminal Court, for conduct very much becoming pickpockets on their way down from Goldsboro Friday morning, were released yesteday afternoon. A. J. Marshall, Esq., became surety for them to the amount specified, and they immediately left, it is said, on the Southern train for Florence.

Mr. Marshall, in conversation with a reporter last night, said that the young men were responsible and would be on hand all right at court. He has information as to the families of the young men and personal knowledge that fully warranted his action in the matter. He thinks it highly improbable that they will be convicted at the session of Criminal Court.

Mr. Marshall says he hasn't the least doubt but that a number of pickpockets and "crooks" have been in the city for the past few days, but thinks the young men released yesterday afternoon are without blame.

In this connection it was suggested yesterday afternoon that the veterans, who are contemplating attending the re-union at Charleston this week, should be notified that hundreds of professional "crooks" are on their way to that city and their money and valuables should be safely guarded.

THE TRUCK MOVEMENT.

Large Shipments During the Past Week and Fair Prices Realized.

Strawberry and other truck shipments during the past week in the section adjacent to Wilmington and on the W. & W. and A. & Y. Railroads, were decidedly increased over those of any previous week this season.

During the first of the week prices for strawberries were not so remunerative as was expected, but shipments were not retarded. The weather for gathering as a whole has been very good, to say the least, better than the average for the time of year, and the complaint of green berries and other products in an unmarketable condition, has not been so general from the Northern markets.

During the latter part of the week special daily telegrams to the STAR from New York and Boston indicated an advance in prices for berries, peas and cabbage, but a demoralization in the asparagus market on account of heavy receipts from nearby points. The Boston and New York markets are, however, in a good healthy state, and barring the extraordinary low prices of Monday and Tuesday no complaint can be successfully lodged against the market.

The C. F. T. Co. did a good business yesterday, and the shipments by express, which are always smallest on Saturday, were upon an average.

THE NEW STREET CARS.

First of Six New Ones Recently Purchased Operated Yesterday Afternoon.

The first of the six new cars recently purchased by the Wilmington Street Railway Co., was operated for the first time yesterday afternoon and was pronounced by all who saw it a thing of rare beauty and comfort.

The new cars are fashioned on the order of those of the larger cities and are a decided improvement over those now in service, being more closely and snugly built, with handsome mountings of brass.

Only two of the new cars were put in running order yesterday, but Mr. Skelding, the enterprising superintendent of the Railway Co., has a force of laborers and electricians at work getting them in shape and will have them ready for the track in a very short time.

The cars were built by Jackson & Sharpe, the well known railway car builders of Baltimore. Mr. Skelding is having them placed for the convenience of the large Summer patronage, which always accompanies a successful season at the beaches.

Great Council Red Men.

Great Sachem J. R. Davis, of the Great Council of North Carolina Improved Order Red Men, will leave tomorrow for Elizabeth City via Newbern for a conference with Great Chief of Records W. Ben. Goodwin, of that city. From Elizabeth City, Great Sachem Davis will go to Norfolk, Va., and make a visitation to the local tribes there and from thence to Raleigh to attend the Great Council of the State which meets on the 11th Sleep of the Flower Moon, 9th Run, which in common parlance is the 11th of May, at 9 o'clock A. M.

Overdose of Medicine.

Mr. James King, who lives near corner Seventh and Wooster streets, took an overdose of a medicine last night that contained a quantity of strychnine and for some time he was in a precarious condition. Dr. Stokes was, however, called in and soon brought him round all right.

The C. W. Polvogt Co. share a good thing with their customers. Read their advt. †

Competitors of the C. W. Polvogt Co. squeeled in their adv. of last week. The Co. offer good things this week. †

New fans at the C. W. Polvogt Co. †

A NEW COTTON MILL.

To be Erected in Wilmington by a $250,000 Stock Company.

THE ENTERPRISE IS ASSURED.

Mr. E. C. Holt Principal Stockholder. Large Block of Stock Taken by Wilmingtonians—Plant to be in Operation by Jan. 1st, 1900.

Wilmington is to have another big cotton mill equipped and in operation by January, 1st 1900. It will be operated by a $250,000 stock company, Mr. E. C. Holt, a member of the Holt family famous throughout the South for their success in cotton manufacturing, and owning many mills in the State, being at the head of the enterprise.

The company has purchased one hundred acres of land from Mr. W. A. Wright in the northeast suburb of the city in the vicinity of the mineral spring, and the factory is to be erected east of the mineral spring, at the junction of the Atlantic Coast Line and Wilmington Seacoast railroads.

The main building will be 250x125 feet, two stories high. There will be an engine room 30x50 feet, and a boiler room 40x50 feet. In addition to these there will be large storage warehouses, a complete dye plant, a building equipped with finishing machinery, etc. The company will also erect a hundred and twenty-five cottages, to be occupied by the operatives, of whom there will be more than three hundred.

Altogether the buildings to be erected at once will cost fully $75,000, and the plant is to be materially enlarged within the next year or two, the plans for the main building being designed with this purpose in view. In fact, it is confidently expected that the capital stock will be more than doubled within a reasonably short time.

The factory for the present will be equipped with 10,000 spindles and 500 looms, and will be devoted exclusively to the manufacture of colored goods.

The machinery will be the very latest and most approved patterns throughout, up-to-date inevery detail, the very best that can possibly be built. Especial emphasis was put upon this statement yesterday afternoon by Mr. Holt in an interview with a member of the STAR staff.

The STAR has known of the movement for the establishment of this factory for several weeks but for prudential reasons refrained from publishing the facts.

until the success of the enterprise was positively assured. There is no longer any doubt about the consummation of the plans of the promoters of the enterprise. It is gratifying to note that in the solicitation of stock for the organization of the company fully $300,-000 were subscribed; $50,000 more than is needed. Mr. F. C. Holt, of Burlington, is the largest individual stockholder, the remainder, a big block of the stock, being taken by Wilmington people.

Mr. Holt left last night for his home and will return to the city about the 15th inst., when the organization of the company will occur. To a STAR representative Mr. Holt said at the train last night that the company will be in the market at once for 1,500,000 feet of lumber and 1,200,000 brick to be used in the construction of the plant. Bids are now being received for the erection of the building.

Mr. E. C. Holt, the principal stockholder, is a son of the late Jas. H. Holt, of Burlington, and a nephew of the late Governor Holt. His whole life has been devoted to the study of cotton mill business and it is conceded that he is thoroughly up in every detail of the business. He is a stockholder and closely connected with the management of at least five of the most successful mills in the State, notably Elmira and Lakeside mills, in Burlington; Glencoe and Caroline mills, in Alamance county, and the Holt-Morgan mill in Fayetteville.

He told a STAR reporter last night that he has selected Wilmington for the establishment of this, his chief cotton mill enterprise, because of the peculiar adaptability of the place for successfully conducting the business because of the advantageous railroad and seaport facilities. Another reason is that he believes Wilmington to be the most pleasant place of residence anywhere in the State. He has, it will be remembered, purchased a cottage on Wrightsville beach and will move his family down just as soon as the season opens, and will take steps at once to either build or purchase a permanent residence in the city.

Welcome, thrice welcome, to Mr. Holt and family, says the STAR. And it but echoes the hearty sentiment of the people of Wilmington and the lower Cape Fear.

Dr. James P. Smith.

The Rev. Dr. James P. Smith, of Richmond, Va., who will occupy the pulpit of the First Presbyterian church to-day, is editor of the *Central Presbyterian*, and was a member of Gen. Stonewall Jackson's staff during the war and one of his bearers from the field the night he was wounded. He is a preacher of great ability and should be heard by a large congregation.

Competitors of the C. W. Polvogt Co. squeeled in their adv. of last week. The Co. offer good things this week. †

Special prices in good things this week at the C. W. Polvogt Co. †

SUNDAY SERVICES.

"The Bridegroom of the Soul" will be Dr. Blackwell's subject to-night at the First Baptist Church.

Services in St. John's Church to-day by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael, Litany, sermon and holy communion, 11 A. M.; evening prayer, 5.30 P. M. Sunday School, 4.30 P. M.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, corner Front and Queen streets. Preaching by Pastor Morton, 11 A. M. and 8 P.M. Sabbath School 3:40 P.M., Superintendent, W. S. Warrock.

Communion service at Grace Church this morning at 11 o'clock, by the pastor, Rev. A. P. Tyer. Experience meeting 10 A. M. Sunday school, J. H. Davis superintendent, 3:30 P. M. Prayer meeting each Wednesday 8 P. M. All welcome.

Services at the Advent Church, Sixth street, to day: Preaching at 11 A. M. by the pastor; subject, "Under Law or Grace, Which?" Sunday school at 3 P. M. Preaching at 7.45 P. M.; subject, "In Memoriam," followed by the Lord's Supper. Prayer meeting Tuesdays and Fridays at 8 P. M.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—1 bale cotton.

W., C. & A. Railroad—12 casks spirits turpentine, 76 barrels rosin, 55 barrels tar, 32 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—4 casks spirits turpentine, 269 barrels rosin, 2 barrels tar.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—7 casks spirits turpentine, 47 barrels rosin, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—Cotton, 1 bale; spirits turpentine, 23 casks; rosin, 392 barrels; tar, 57 barrels; crude turpentine, 41 barrels.

BOSTON STRAWBERRY QUOTATIONS.

The Market Yesterday Was Firm at About the Same Prices.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

BOSTON, May 6.—Strawberries sold to-day at from 16 to 18 cents per quart. The prospects continue to be good.

A. & O. W. MEADE & Co.
Wholesale Commission Merchants.

Not a Question of Water-way.

A correspondent of the Raleigh *Observer* says:

"To-day it was finally determined that the *Raleigh* would not go up to the city, for reasons which Captain Coghlan privately stated to the Wilmington committee, and which were given and accepted with deep regret on both sides.

"It is hardly necessary to state that the question of the water-way was not one of the reasons, for Captain Coghlan and the pilots gave assurance that the water depth and passage could be easily made the entire distance."

The Seashore Hotel.

Mr. George Campbell writes The Charlotte *Observer* from York, Pa., that the Seashore Hotel at Wrightsville will open for the summer June 1st. Mr. Campbell will continue proprietor and Mr. R. E. Crawford, of Raleigh, will be manager. A number of improvements will be made to the hotel. Mr. Campbell not only expects his usual State patronage, but guests, also from Pennsylvania and other Northern States.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hotel Bristol,

Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street, New York. One block from Grand Central Depot. Offers rooms in suite or single for the Summer at reduced rates. The coolest location in the city, having 200 feet of unobstructed southern exposure.

JOHN L. CHADWICK,
my 7 2m su tu th Proprietor.

Down River To-day.

Steamer Southport leaves at 10 A. M. Returning leaves Southport 2 30 P. M.

Steamer Wilmington leaves 2 P. M. Arrives Wilmington at 7.30 P. M. Fare 50 cents for round trip.

Arrangements have been made for passengers to go on board Raleigh. my 7 1t

Our Main Object

In keeping our Drug Store open is

to put up Prescriptions,

and that keeps us fairly busy—with more business in sight. Our little shop is often full, but we will make room

for you long enough to take your order, and will deliver your medicines anywhere in the city.

JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.
my 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

North Carolina STATE BONDS FOR SALE.

Under "An Act to authorize and direct the issuing of State Bonds to pay off the debts of the State's Prison and for other purposes," bids will be received by the State Treasurer, at Raleigh, N. C., for

$110,000 of N. C. 4 per cent. Bonds, running 10 years

from January 1st, 1899, interest payable July and January. These bonds are exempt from all taxation. Bids not considered under 104. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Bids will be received until May 22nd, 12.00 M.

W. H. WORTH,
State Treasurer.

RALEIGH, N. C., April 15, 1899.
apr 25 tf tuth th su

PURE LARD.

7500 pounds Pure Lard.
4600 pounds Compound Lard.
9800 pounds D. S. Sides.
5100 pounds Plates.
3200 pounds Butts.
1000 pounds Bacon Shoulders.
225 bags Wheat Bran.
115 barrels Mullets.
28 barrels White Fish.
420 bales Hay.
115 bags Peanuts.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
my 6 tf Wilmington, N. C.

AT JOHNSON'S

No. 111 Market Street,

WILL BE SHOWN THE COMING WEEK

New Styles In Dress Fabrics

Not seen in this city before.

OUR RECENT PURCHASES IN NEW YORK WILL ARRIVE AND WE

WILL BE PLEASED TO SHOW THEM.

The Price Will Be Right, Too.

apr 23 tf

Vollers & Hashagen,

DISTRIBUTORS.

We came. You saw. We conquered.

We thank our numerous friends for the confidence shown, in taking hold of the best Cigar ever given to the public. The goods sell for 3 for 25 cents elsewhere, and we believe you subserve your interest when you handle them.

"Santa Bana" Cigars,

The finest made for the money.

"SANTA BANA" CIGARS,
Hand made from choicest stock.

"SANTA BANA" CIGARS,
Money returned if not as stated.

The best 5c Cigar in the world.

Smokers, try them!
Smokers, try them!
Smokers, try them!

my 7 tf

TERRIBLE FALL

at

THE UNLUCKY CORNER.

Not Terrible to you or me,

But Butter,

NOT THE SO-CALLED "BEST BUTTER,"

But

The Genuine Fox River Clover Hill Butter,

25c lb.

This is worth your notice.

S. W. SANDERS.

apr 23 tf

Portuondo's Chico Cigars.

We are the sole agents here for this famous brand, also carry a full line other grades, as well as

Cheroots

of the best makes. Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, including the popular brands.

Snuffs

of the leading makes.

We can offer all inducements of price, discounts and premiums on the above goods. ORDERS SOLICITED.

HALL & PEARSALL,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
apr 30 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.

WILMINGTON RUBBER TIRE CO.

(LICENSEES)

THE RUBBER TIRE WHEEL CO.,

Cor. 2nd & Princess Streets.

THE BEST RUBBER TIRE MADE--GUARANTEED.

Plant now complete. Specimens of our work on exhibition.

Saves your vehicle and gives you pleasure. Please give us a call.

Office 108-110 North Second St.
apr 25 1m

Germania Hall.

SOIREE.

ANNUAL APPEARANCE OF MISS LORD'S DAY DANCING CLASS.

Tuesday Evening, May 9th, 8.30 o'clock.

ADMISSION, 10 CENTS.
my 4 3t

J. W. Murchison & Co.

On May 1, 1899, Mr. W. E. PERDEW will be admitted to an interest in my Hardware business under the firm name of J. W. Murchison & Co. Mr. Perdew by strict attention to business and his thorough reliability needs no introduction to the trade.

The new firm guarantees the same prompt and reliable service which has been rendered by me.

ap 30 tf J. W. MURCHISON.

OFFERING

150 Bags Coffee,
200 Barrels Sugar,
400 Barrels Molasses,
500 Boxes Crackers,
600 Cases Canned Goods,
800 Bales Hay,
1,400 Barrels Flour,
1,500 Kegs Nails,
5,000 Pounds Lard,
50,000 Pounds D. S. Sides

And Spirits Casks, Glue, Hoop Iron and quantities of other Groceries at the very lowest figures. Get my prices.

D. L. GORE,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
my 7 tf Wilmington, N.C.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.000; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $80.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs. Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1899.

SENSIBLE TALK BY NEGROES.

The Afro-American Council of New York, recently issued an address in which they called upon the negroes of the country to observe the 2nd day of June next as a day of fasting and prayer and urged the negro preachers to hold services in their churches, and aid in setting forth the "barbarous treatment" of negroes by white men. This address was evoked by the recent lynchings in the State of Georgia, culminating in the horrid killing, or rather butchering and burning, of the negro Hose.

What the Afro-American Council expects to accomplish by the fasting and praying and church service is not apparent. The only result, as far as we can see, will be to make the negroes believe more strongly than they now do that they are a persecuted race and that the persecution is not in consequence of crimes committed, but the result of race prejudice which makes these alleged crimes a pretext for persecution. This is the view the negroes of this so-called Afro-American Council take of it, as is shown by the injunction to cultivate no spirit of vengeance but "to leave vengeance to the Lord."

Most of the negroes in the North, preachers and others, who have written or talked about these lynchings, have done it in a very intemperate way, entirely ignoring the crimes that caused them and throwing the whole responsibilty on the white men who took part in them and on the civil authorities, and the communities which they charge with conniving at and encouraging them. In the main they are indirect apologies for the crimes and the criminals, if not absolute denials of guilt, which they represent to be trumped up charges in most cases to afford a pretext for "killing niggers."

If the negroes acted upon the advice of that negro Bishop in New Jersey, Walters, or his imitator (whose name we have forgotten) in Pittsburg, there would be killing sure enough, for the negro, whether he be a preacher or otherwise lifted above the average negro level, who imagines that there could be anything like an organized movement against the white people without considerable killing, is not fit to pose as an adviser, and scarcely fit to stay outside of a lunatic asylum.

But there are exceptions, for there are some negroes who take a different view of the situation from that taken by the Afro-American (tony substitue for negro) Council and these rabid preachers.

Booker T. Washington knows what's the matter, although for reasons satisfactory to him he has not discussed these Georgia lynchings.

Another is Rev. H. C. C. Atwood, formerly of New Orleans, but for some years a resident of New York, where he occupies the position of Superintendent of the mission to Cuba, of the African-American Methodist Episcopal Church, who in a letter to the New York *Journal* thus replies to the rabid ravings of the demented New Jersey Bishop:

"I protest, with millions of law-abiding colored people, against the awful crime of assulting women and the murder of men and women by those fiends called negroes, who brand the whole race with the stigma of their of their hellish deeds.

"So long as a women are thus treated and there is a husband, father, son or brother, the criminal will be lynched. No law can stop it and no section prevent it. The only remedy is to stop the evil.

"I will cry aloud and spare not that these degrading crimes, the outgrowth of human slavery and the education of the penal system in the South, are the bane of our race. I would recommend that our bishops and clergymen, as well as our race leaders, organize an army of crusaders and invade every nook in the South appealing to the last of these human brutes to stay the plague that is worse than leprosy to the race, so as to wipe out lynching and lawlessness. The thought is so sickening to us that it clouds our sensibilities even to condemn it.

"So much has been said about lynching that it has been made to appear that we are negative in our opposition to the greater crime—the assaults on women. If the remedy suggested by Mrs. Felton would put a stop to the terrible dual barbarism, and if ten thousand of such brutes instead of one could be found, and one general lynching would wipe out the crime, I would say do it.

"Another prominent colored man, H. B. Park, secretary of the home and foreign missionary board of the same church, also takes issue with Walters. He says:

"'I have been thinking of this crime all day. It has completely unnerved me.

"'An extraordinary effort on the part of the church ought to be made to suppress the negro practice of assaulting women. The work should take the form of an organized effort. People have a false impression that colored people sympathize with negroes who commit such crimes. Millions of negroes will go as far as white men to defend women.

"'While a majority of those lynched are negroes, the effect is being felt upon the entire people.'"

This is "hot stuff" coming from a negro, who by the boldness of his utterances, so different from others of his race and from many of the professed white friends of the negro in the North, shows that he not only does his own thinking and forms his own opinions, but is a man of convictions with the courage to proclaim them. He goes further than any other negro that we have read after, but as energetic and seemingly extreme as his utterances are, he takes the right view of that question and one inspired by race respect and race love.

He realizes, as all respectable, thinking negroes should, that these crimes which provoke swift and implacable vengeance reflect upon the race and bring odium upon it, whether deservedly or not, and that it is therefore the part of wisdom for the race to do all it can to put a stop to these crimes and aid in bringing the perpetrators to speedy justice, perpetrators for whom the race should have neither sympathy nor tolerance, for they are deserving of neither. They show by their acts that they have no regard for their own race and therefore their own race should have no regard for nor tears to shed over them when their devilish beastiality brings them to the rope or to the stake and faggot. The negro who thinking for himself and for his race speaks thus is infinitely a better friend and counsellor to his race than all the Afro-American Councils this side of Jericho and all the Bishops of Walters' stripe this side of Kingdom come.

There is now presented to the negroes of Georgia an opportunity to put themselves on solid ground and initiate a movement to stop this flood of crime which is calling for vengeance and causing more estrangement between the races. A convention of white citizens has been called to consider these matters and try to devise some way to stop lynching. No amount of talk in convention or out of it will stop it while these outlawed crimes continue to be perpetrated. But this presents the negroes of Georgia with the opportunity to show that these crimes are repulsive to them, and to show a disposition to co-operate with their white fellow citizens in repressing them. Let them also call a convention of representative negroes of the State, and therein resolve that they will heartily co-operate with the white men in the pursuit and punishment of ravishers, murderers and incendiaries, show them no mercy nor refuge, and then a long step would be taken in the way of relieving the race from suspicion of sympathy with the criminals, and a long step also in deterring the criminals who would thenceforth find refuge so much more difficult. This is their opportunity. Will they see it, and seize it?

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

As the national bankrupt law is now operative and embarrassed persons who desire may seek relief from their debts through it, Judge Speer, of Georgia, has rendered a decision concerning the homestead which is very important, because it applies with as much force to every State where there is a homestead law as to Georgia. We clip the following in reference to it from the Savannah *News*:

"A decision handed down by Judge Speer in Macon last week has an important and far-reaching influence upon the trial and determination of bankruptcy causes, and will probably result in a greater number of embarrassed debtors availing themselves of the provisions and benefits of the statue. The case then decided before Judge Speer originated in Americus, and the preliminary hearings and meetings of creditors there were held before the refree for that division of this district.

"The bankrupt in that case had set aside a homestead for himself and family, as allowed by the State laws, and had subsequently waived it by giving waiver notes. When the matter was brought before the referee, the creditors instituted proceedings to have the homestead administered by the trustee as part of the bankrupt's assets. To this course objection was made by the bankrupt, and the matter was brought for decision before Judge Speer.

"The court held that the United States courts had no jurisdiction of homesteads, but that questions regarding their validity were exclusively for the determination of the State courts. The trustee must set aside the homestead before he could proceed to administer the other estate of the bankrupt and validity, if it is desired to attack it, can only be attacked in the State courts.

"The decision is of added interest from the fact that a discharge in bankruptcy relieves a man from his debts contracted up to the time his petition is filed. It is therefore a matter of some doubt, whether after proving their claims before the referee and taking part in the distribution of the assets by him, the creditors can subsequently attack the homestead or set up their waiver to defeat it. The law is yet in its infancy and many of its provisions have not been fully considered and their meaning determined. The uncertain status of the party who holds a waiver of homestead is one of those matters that yet remain for the wheels of the law to grind into proper and definite shape, as of course they will ultimately do. In the meantime creditors who are in this position scarcely know what course to follow."

As we see it this decision of Judge Speer will stand good, for the bankrupt act of Congress cannot annul a previously existing State law which was constitutional, and there is no question as to the right of the States to enact homestead laws. The former national bankrupt law recognized the homestead and so must this one.

The waiver of the homestead has not as a general thing been regarded with much favor by the courts because the design of and the main argument for the homestead is to protect not the man but the family dependent upon him, that they may be protected against reverses coming to him, and the suffering that might result from them.

CRIMINAL AGGRESSION.

If the reports from South Africa be reliable the relations are becoming quite strained between the Boer Republic and the British Government, whose representatives have for some time shown a dictatorial and aggressive spirit towards the Republic. In the estimation of a good many Britons these Dutch, who prefer their own company and their own government to British association and British dictation, have no rights that the more pushing, progressive Briton is bound to respect. This was pretty conclusively shown when the Jamison raid was organized and came to grief because the Boers, being forewarned, were forearmed and squelched it in short order.

What the precise relations or the mutual obligations of the two governments are we do not know, for the scope of their agreements is now a matter of dispute, but there is one thing certain and that is that Great Britain being the stronger power will pay little heed to written agreements that may possibly be construed more than one way if it is to her interest to disregard them. If the aggressive spirit in this instance be checked it will be more from the fear of possible complications with other countries than a recognition of the rights of the Boers.

The Transvaal is a very rich gold-bearing country; the yield of gold is very large and increasing; Englishmen have a good deal of money invested in the mines and all this is argument enough from a British standpoint why the Britons should have a good deal to say in the government of the Republic and why the Boers should have very little.

AN ERA OF FRAUD.

This is not only the great trust-forming era, but it is the great era of fraud also, fraud in "statesmanship," fraud in business, fraud in sentiment, fraud in nearly everything. The trusts pretend that they are organized to cheapen production and thus benefit the people. That is a fraud. Some of the statesmen tell us that the protective tariff, which fosters trusts, is to foster and build up American industries that could not live without it. That is another fraud. Expansionists tell us that it is patriotism that inspires carrying the rifle and other death-dealing implements into other lands to subjugate them. That is another fraud. And now the chief chemist of the U. S. Department of Agriculture testifies before the Pure Food Senatorial Investigating Committee that ninety per cent. of all the articles of food and drink manufactured in this country are frauds.

There is fraud in nearly everything sold to the people, all kinds of dairy products, canned fruits and vegetables, flour, the various preparations put up for cooking jellies, preserves, jams, pickles, syrups, wines, beer, whiskey and nearly everything in fact. Some of these adulterations are harmful, others not, but they are all frauds.

The worst feature of this is that it is the poor who suffer most by these frauds, because the greater the fraud the cheaper the articles, or perhaps it would be more proper to say the cheaper the article the greater the fraud. In view of these revelations by such anthority it is a lucky person these days who knows what he is eating or drinking or what proportion of health and life destroying stuff it may contain.

For over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

I AM.

I know not whence I came;
I know not whither I go;
But the facts stand clear that I am here
In this world of pleasure and woe.
And out of the mist and murk
Another truth shines plain;
It is in my power each day and hour
To add to its joy or pain.

I know that the earth exists;
It is none of my business why.
I cannot find out what it's all about;
I would but waste time to try.
My life is a brief, brief thing.
I am here but a little space;
And while I stay I would like, if I may,
To brighten and better the place.

The trouble, I think, with us all,
Is the lack of a high conceit;
If each man thought he was sent to this spot
To make it still more sweet,
How soon would he gladden the world,
How easily right all wrong;
If nobody shirked and each one worked
To help his fellows along.

Cease wondering why you came—
Stop looking for faults and flaws;
Rise up to-day in your pride and say
"I am part of the First Great Cause,
However full the world.
There is room for an honest man;
It had need of me or I would not be;
I am here to strengthen the plan.
—*Ella Wheeler Wilcox.*

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— A tack points heavenward when it means most mischief. It has many human imitators.—*Tit-Bits.*

— Service to our fellowmen should not be made a substitute for piety, but an expression of it.—*Josiah Strong.*

— The Lord tells us to carry our cross and cast our care, but we often try to cast our cross and carry our care.

— God tests us benevolently to prove and exercise our faith; the devil malevolently to weaken and extinguish it.—*Quesnel.*

— I have no doubt that much sorrow might be prevented if words of encouragement were more frequently spoken, fitly and in season, and therefore to withhold them is sin.—*C. H. Spurgeon.*

— Our Lord has laid the poor as a perpetual burden on the heart of the church. If we are mindful of his wishes we shall never forget to look after their wants. They are always with us, and always the legitimate objects of our love.—*Hoss.*

— Our position in society will be filled as soon as it is vacated, and our name will be remembered only for a moment—except, please God, by a few who have learned to love us, not because of fame, but because we have helped them and done them some good.—*Henry Van Dyke.*

— "Only let it be remembered that the heart of even a believer is not wholly purified when he is justified. Sin is then overcome, but it is not rooted out; it is conquered, but not destroyed. Experience shows him first that the root of self-will, pride and idolatry remain still in his heart."—*John Wesley, Sermons.*

TWINKLINGS.

Grace—"I am going to see Clara to-day—have you any message?" Dora—"I wonder how you can visit the dreadful girl.—*Tit-Bits.*

— Decided on That Point: Algie—"What is the first thing you would do if you had $1,000,000?" Tom—"Resign."—*Chicago News.*

— "I wonder why Mrs. de Style always wears a gown cut so low in the neck?" "Well, you know she is a trifle weak as to ancestry."—*Detroit Journal.*

— Philologic: First Student—"Can you tell me the origin of the expression giving a man the mitten?" Second Student—"It was the ancient equivalent of (k)nit."—*Crypt.*

— Employer—"So you want a fortnight's salary in advance? But suppose you should die to-night?" Clerk (proudly)—"Sir, I may be poor, but I am a gentleman."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Northern Visitor (in Georgia)—"I see you raise hogs almost exclusively about here. Do you find they pay better than corn and potatoes?" "Wal, no; but, yer see, stranger, hogs don't need hoeing!"—*Puck.*

— Picking It Up Gradually—"I learn ze English langwich in ze books," said the foreigner, "but I hear ze people talk, and I find out zat a man who is proud and conceited iss—if I haf not forgotten—vair mooch adhere to himself."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— Strong Evidence: "So you think he is strictly honest, do you?" "There isn't the least doubt about it. Every time an election approaches he is talked of as the only man who could unite the different factions of his party, and then somebody else is nominated."—*Chicago News.*

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— General Merritt seems to have changed his mind concerning Alger since he voted to convict "the greatest Secretary of War" for deserting his regiment in the face of the enemy.—*Philadelphia North American, Rep.*

—— The Administration seems singularly pervious to the criticism of its course by Mr. Edward Atkinson, and yet apparently oblivious of the criticism of Mr. Secretary Alger at the hands of millions of his fellow-countrymen. Why doesn't the Administration demonstrate against something of its size?—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Since the Administration has set itself to keep Mr. Atkinson's Senate Document out of the hands of Dewey, Otis, Hill and Schurman, in the Philippines, it should keep a sharp outlook on Capt. Coghlan, who is at large in this country. He might get hold of one of them—and he is a very free speaker. Suppose Mr. Atkinson should convert him!—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— "Suppose they had a little beef spoiled, what of it?" asked Secretary Alger, at Detroit. Well, something of it was that many soldiers sickened and died, a national scandal was created, contracting firms were paid many thousands of dollars for stuff that could not be used, the government was put to the expense of two investigations, and we are not through with it yet, for the decision of next year's political contest may hing on it. How much does the Secretary want "of it?"—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Elizabeth City *Carolinian*: Our rivers and streams never more thickly swarmed with herring. One day last week Mr. David Bell, near Weeksville, made a haul at the mouth of Pasquotank river of 100,000.

— Mound Airy *News*: The apple crop this year will, no doubt, be the largest ever produced in this country, and the revenue from this source will be enormous. —— The farmers report wonderful improvement in the condition of the wheat crop. The yield will be considerably larger than many thought a few weeks ago.

— Wilson *News*: Parties in the city to-day from the vicinity of the murder of Bob Turnage bring the news that three or four parties have been arrested on suspicion. Among these is one white man, and it is said that the evidence is very strong against the parties under arrest.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer*: Robert Usery, who killed a man named Caple, in Richmond county, several years ago, and was sent to the penitentiary for 10 years, has been pardoned by Governor Russell. Usery was at work at the Anson State farm and was known as a model prisoner. He was given his liberty Sunday.

— Monroe *Journal*: Mr. Alex Osborne died at his home north of town late Friday evening. He was 60 years of age. —— "This (Thurs day) morning, twenty four years ago to-day," remarked Mr. E. A. Armfield, "this county was black. The vegetation was about as forward as now, and a killing frost fell, turning it as black as if a fire had swept through."

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: The State of North Carolina's net debt now is estimated to be $1,250,000 To this must be added the $110,000 to pay the loss incurred by John R. Smith and Mewborne in pretending to run the penitentiary, and the bonds to be issued to pay penitentiary farms. —— Reports to the State board of health show a constantly improving condition in the small pox situation thaoughout the State. In many towns the disease has been stamped out altogether The only new case reported recently was that of a woman who contracted the disease at Monroe. She went to Charlotte, where, after wandering about, she was apprehended and sent to the pest house. She has confluent smallpox and is expected to die. —— Sheriff B. F. Lee, of Buncombe county, brought to the State Prison yesterday one Boney J. Johnston. Johnston is but 19 years old, and yet this is his third term in the pen. His sentence this time is for a term of ten years. He is one of the hardest criminals to retain in the State, according to the record. He cut his way out of the steel cell with a barlow knife on one occasion and escaped. when taken from jail this time a saw was found in his shoe.

AN EMPRESS' GARDEN PARTY.

Japan's Annual Celebration of the Blossoming of the Cherry Trees.

Mrs. Robert P. Porter writes in The Ladies' Home Journal of "The Garden Party of an Empress," a picturesque function which she attended during a recent visit to Tokyo, given in honor of the blossoming of the cherry trees. "The guests," she says, "numbering 600 or 700, representing every phase of foreign visitor, had all assembled in the magnificent garden adjoining the palace, and, as requested, formed in line on either side of the broad path leading from a very beautiful bridge, over which the empress was to walk on foot, after entering on the other side of the palace gardens. The ladies formed on one side, the gentlemen on the other. The many brilliant uniforms, some of them literally decorated, and the variety of hues of the ladies' dresses, with the rich background of foliage and flowering trees, formed a spectacle that must have struck even the imperial eye as dazzling. Presently the sounds of the national hymn could be heard in the distance, as it was played by the royal band, and a few minutes later, in absolute silence, appeared Mr. Yoshitane Sannomiya, the master of ceremonies, who preceded the empress and her ladies, partly backing or walking sideways with the greatest skill, up the open path.

As the empress advanced she held herself very erect and walked with an ease and grace that were astonishing when one remembers that she never wore a European dress until within recent years and grew to maturity without her little feet touching the bare earth. As the royal cortege passed by the empress cast a glance, quick and searching as lightning, to the right and to the left, apparently to see that no one was neglecting to pay homage, which consisted of the most profound salutations of which the guests were capable. Apparently her majesty was pleased at the manner of her reception, for a slight smile touched her red lips, and she inclined her head now and then most graciously. As soon as the last of the suit had passed the ladies and gentlemen fell into line and slowly followed the royal party through the long and fairylike walk of trees and flowers and running streams, until a large, open sward was reached. Over its rich, green surface was extended a long marquee, under which ran tables liberally decorated with flowers, fruit, confections, flags and marvelously made dishes."

NEEDLESS IMPORTS.

California Brings From the East Products That Should Come From Itself.

In the second list are many of the commonest articles of consumption, which California might readily produce at home, but for which it sends millions of dollars abroad each year. The imports of pork and its products range as high as $8,000,000 or $10,000,000 each year. Condensed milk is not only a very important article of consumption in mining camps and great ranches, but is largely shipped abroad for the Asiatic trade. It is brought across the continent from New Jersey. California also sends beyond its borders from $90,000,000 to $95,000,000 annually for the item of sugar, which should not only be produced in sufficient quantities to supply consumption, but for export as well.

It is a curious fact that many of the finest fruit preserves sold in San Francisco bear French and Italian labels, and that the supply of canned sweet corn comes mostly from Maine. Essential oils made from the peelings of citrus fruits are also imported. It is not uncommon to find orange marmalade which has been prepared in Rochester, the oranges having been shipped eastward and the manufactured product westward at a cost of two transcontinental freights. Imports are by no means confined to things which require capital and machinery for their manufacture. Chickens, turkeys and eggs are largely brought from outside. A single commission house in San Francisco imports 500,000 chickens every year. Thus a good many thousands of the new settlers can profitably be employed in feeding much of the present population of the state, which includes a large proportion of those who are speculating on wheat and fruit, sheep, cattle and hogs.—"Our Great Pacific Commonwealth," by William E. Smythe, in Century.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Clinton, at Keener's, May 6-7.
Onslow, at Swansboro, May 13-14.
Jacksonville and Richlands, at Haw Branch, May 16.
Kenansville Circuit, at Charity, May 20-21.
Scott's Hill, at Prospect, May 27.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, 11 A. M., June 4.
Wilmington, Market Street, night, June 4.
Magnolia, Providence, June 10-11.
Burgaw, Herring's Chapel, June 17-18.
Southport, (District Conference), June 21-23.
Brunswick, Shallotte, July 8-9
Waccamaw, Zion, July 15-16.
Whiteville, Fair Bluff, July 18.
R. F. BUMPAS, Presiding Elder.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

AN UNGRATEFUL PERSIAN.

He Didn't Get Back the Fee He Had Paid to His Doctor.

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WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

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BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6½	@	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 30
New City, each		@	1 35
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	12½	@	15
Northern	20	@	23
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	51	@	55
Virginia Meal	52	@	55
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	75	@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11¾
Dairy Cream		@	11
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	10	@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	2 50	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE ℔ ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	53	@	55
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	50
Oats, from store	40	@	50
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	60	@	65
Black Eye Peas	1 00	@	1 10
HIDES ℔ ℔			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	60	@	80
Rice Straw	40	@	45
Eastern		@	75
Western		@	75
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾	@	1¾
LARD, ℔ ℔			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	19 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	8 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	9 00	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogsheads		@	25
Barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 60	@	1 65
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	11 00
Rump		@	10 50
Prime		@	10 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	52
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5½	@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SODA, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palmo		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, per ℔—Unwashed	13	@	15

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900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS / CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR AN

Investment.

LOCATION THE MOST ELIGIBLE IN THE TRUCK REGION OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Entire Plant of the

INDUSTRIAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

Wilmington, N. C.,

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING of three Brick Buildings, with all necessary adjuncts, One Hundred Horse-power Engine, Two Boilers, Shafting, Pulleys, Veneer Machinery and Butter-dish Dies, Basket and Crate Machinery and Shapes, Automatic Saw Mill, Rip Saws, Band Saws and Cut-Off Saws. Also, a Brand new Planer, costing $900.

In fact, all necessary machinery for the successful manufacture of Sweet-gum Butter Dishes, Berry Baskets, Vegetable Crates, Barrels, and Packages of every kind. Modern Dry Kiln in connection. Also, a Boston Blower.

This property has a river front and wharf of 100 feet, with railroad track running into the yard.

There is an inexhaustible supply of gum and raw materials for miles in every direction tributary to this factory, and to be had at a nominal sum. The machinery is all practically new, and the owners will either sell everything outright on easy terms or will take stock in a company for the operation of this plant. This property is valuable in many respects and is capable of being converted into almost any kind of a manufactory. Freight rates to all commercial centres of the interior and coastwise cities very favorable to this point.

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Seed Potatoes.

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this year are generally mouldy and unsound. We have

North Carolina
R. R. P. Oats
tested by ourselves.

Finest Quality and Low Price.

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Groceries Generally.

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S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.

e 1 tf

THE TREASURE SHIP.

"It's a pity we don't sail tonight. There's a capital wind. We should have made a good distance before morning."

Captain Blake stood on the deck of the schooner, the Jane, which lay anchored that fine moonlight night at Port Bodega, Cal. The Jane was but a small vessel, but it had on board treasure in the shape of gold dust worth over $13,000, and the next morning had been fixed for its sailing to London.

That night the captain had given his crew leave to go ashore to spend a few hours in jollity before commencing their homeward voyage. They had not yet returned, and the captain was on board alone, with a couple of sailors and the mate, to whom he was speaking.

Saying that he would turn in, the captain went below, while the mate walked the deck on the watch.

It was about 3 in the morning that two boats set off from the shore, having in one of them 7 and in the other 12 men, and in the darkness—for the moon had now set—were rowed off to the place where the light of the Jane glimmered over the dark water.

"Boat ahoy! Who are you?"

It was the mate of the Jane who sang out as he leaned over the side of the vessel and saw a boat approach.

In answer there came what seemed some words spoken as if by a drunken man, and thinking the men were the sailors returned from their jaunt the mate saw the boat pulled to the side of the ship. He did not notice that another boat had softly made its way to the stern, the men rowing silently, and the dull sough of the waves drowning the splash of their oars.

"Is that Jenkinson?"

The mate was forward watching the men in the boat. Hardly had he called out before he heard a noise behind him, his arms were gripped, a hand was placed over his mouth, while the butt end of a pistol came down with a crash upon his head. There was a dull splash in the water a moment later. It was the body of the mate cast into its watery grave.

The Jane had been boarded by robbers.

Stealing along like shadows—for the men had their feet bare—the thieves rushed across the deck to the ladder leading below.

The leader, a tall man, with a heavy, black beard, whose face was almost hid by a piece of black cloth tied across the upper part, with two holes cut for him to see through, grasped his pistol in his hand as he prepared to go below, while his followers held long, gleaming knives in their hands.

"If you struggle, you are a dead man."

Captain Blake had been asleep and started up as a light flashed upon his face, and looking about him he saw a man standing beside him, one of his hands upon his throat, while in the other he held a pistol.

"We won't hurt you if you don't struggle," said the robber. "But we want the gold you have on board. Give us the keys of the chest, and I'll swear you shall be safe."

Resistance would be useless, and the captain was soon lying on the floor of his cabin bound hand and foot with a strong cord.

While these things were going on on board the Jane the crew of the vessel had gathered together on the shore and had put off in their boats to return to the ship.

They were astounded as they turned the quayside to see the Jane in the growing daylight far off at sea, all sails set, and making way before a good breeze at a rate which forbade all hope of their overtaking her.

The sailors were some hours later than they should have been in seeking the vessel, and now they imagined Captain Blake must somehow have got others to man her and set off without them. They therefore rowed back to shore.

While some of the men who had boarded the ship, many of whom had been sailors, set the sails and took her out to sea the others were busy searching for the treasure.

No threats could make the captain speak a word as to where it lay, and leaving him the robbers began to look about for it.

"Hurrah!"

With axes in their hands, three or four men were with fierce shouts breaking open the stout boarding at the head of the captain's cabin.

Behind it, as they peeped through a gap they had burst open, they found a dark recess. It was the place where the treasure lay.

They plied their axes furiously, the board gave way, and the eyes of the thieves gleamed with delight as they saw before them the pile of bags and small wooden boxes in which was the gold for which they had undertaken the desperate venture, and the cabin rang with their wild shout of joy.

"What is here will make us rich for life, boys!" cried the leader. "It's in our grasp now. Let us drink to our good fortune!" And he ordered some of the men to search the ship for what liquor there was on board.

A cask of rum was soon found, and knocking out the head of it the ruffians drank to one another in glasses of the fiery spirit.

"And now to the boats!"

Staggering under the weight of their burdens, the men carried the boxes and bags of the precious gold to the side of the ship and lowered them into the boats alongside.

In a short time all the treasure had been laid in them, and the place where it had been stowed in the Jane stood empty.

"Get ready to push off there," said the black bearded man, looking over the vessel's side, to his companions in the boats, and as they gripped their oars and waited for him he disappeared below.

He looked in at the cabin door and threw a glance at the captain lying there, still bound hand and foot. Then he disappeared and made his way to the hold.

"Now row for your lives!"

The man took his place in one of the boats, and it flew from the side of the doomed vessel. It had not got far before a terrible sound rose over the noise of the waves, and as it caught their ears the men laid down their oars and looked toward the vessel they had left.

A huge cloud of smoke hung over it, and fierce flames shot from the rapidly burning schooner.

Then there was a second explosion. Pieces of burning wood were scattered far and near and fell in a shower over the place where the Jane had floated.

"The gunpowder has done its work," remarked the chief. "The Jane will never give evidence against us!"

The disappearance of the schooner remained a mystery for more than 14 years, till the leader of the band of robbers confessed the crime on his deathbed.

In the boats he and his associates had made their way to land under cover of the night and had dispersed after having shared among them the rich spoil, the booty of that terrible deed upon the sea.—Exchange.

Moody and the Cards.

One evening in San Francisco Evangelist Moody sat in his room at the hotel playing a game of cards with Mrs. Moody and two friends when a messenger came in with a dispatch. As the boy stood waiting for a reply Mr. Moody suddenly asked, "Won't you sit down, my lad, and have a game of 'Authors' with us?"

The boy declined and soon left the room. Hardly had the door closed when Mrs. Moody said, "Why, Dwight, what made you think of inviting that boy to sit down and play with us?"

"My dear," replied Moody, "don't you see, if I had not called the boy's attention to the fact that we were playing 'Authors,' all the morning papers would certainly have announced under big headlines that D. L. Moody had been discovered in a San Francisco hotel engaged in a game of cards?"—Ladies' Home Journal.

Nasty Speeches.

An old cleric once said to a young man who had published some volumes which had been very successful, "Your popularity is quite gone."

There was no call earthly to say such a thing, even if it had been true. And, in fact, it was quite the reverse. But the aged cleric wished it had been true.

Thus Brougham, when some of Lord Campbell's later biographies sold wonderfully, explained to that judge and author that "people had to make up their sets."—Longman's Magazine.

Confirming a Suspicion.

Short—Do you know I've a strong suspicion that the house I'm living in is haunted?

Nabor—I know it is. I see the landlord's agent there nearly every day.—Boston Courier.

THE NATION'S FLOWER.

O columbine, O columbine,
Columbia's flower of fair design,
The true-blue insignia, red, white and blue,
Sing freedom's song each morning new,
And ranged about the central shaft,
Forever on the breeze waft
"E pluribus unum," for each state
Thus centered, makes the nation great.

O eagle flower, forth from the rock
Thou springest after winter's shock
And with thy talons flying clear
In strength and beauty lead'st the year,
America's broad land thy home,
From mountaintops to ocean's foam,
Eagle and dove in this the sign
Of our fair country, columbine!
—M. S. Metcalf in New York Sun.

HATS IN PARLIAMENT.

They Are Important Factors In the British Lower House.

Of all the customs and traditions that still cling to the house of commons, even in this matter of fact age, the hat plays the most important part. In the last century one of the speakers permitted the introduction of oranges, and even nuts, if they were not loudly cracked, on the plea that they were not "tangible articles of food." But, some years after, this decision was reversed by another speaker, who, on high medical authority, declared that as it would be possible to support life on either of these two vegetables they must be considered tangible products, and their public consumption would, therefore, not be permitted. Out of this decision a custom arose, which, not being checked, slowly deepened into a tradition. The dexterity which Bobby Lowe exhibited in transferring a packet of sandwiches from one of the side pockets of the remarkable coats he used to affect to the interior of his hat and the way in which he would use his headgear to conceal the process of mastication were, it is said, sights to behold.

The occupants of the ministerial and front opposition benches are able to moisten their throats during the delivery of a speech with a little liquid, but, although the private member is not expressly excluded from the participation in this privilege, no provision is made for the consumption of any lubricant he may require. The traditions of the house allow him to conceal a sandwich or a biscuit in his pocket, but not a bottle. Any honorable member may have a glass of water, but, while the leading members of the opposition have the great central table on which to deposit their glasses of water—which is not supposed to be qualified by the introduction of any other liquid, ahem!—the private member is expected to hide his glass in his hat.

It is really astonishing what an important feature the hat plays in the deliberations of our legislators. As no private member can claim by right any particular seat in the house, except in a few cases where members are tacitly allowed to appropriate certain points of vantage, a hat has to be deposited beforehand as an intimation that the seat is secured. On ordinary nights a seat can be retained by a card being inserted in the slip provided at the back of each seat for that purpose, but when a debate of more than usual interest is expected the hat is the medium employed. —London Mail.

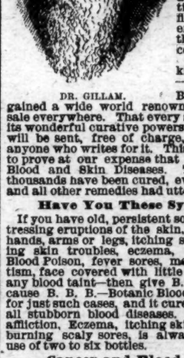
BLOOD CURE

Sent Free!

A Cure for Blood and Skin Diseases, Eczema, Pimples, Scrofula, Blood Poison, Cancer, Kidney Trouble.

MEDICINE SENT ALL CHARGES PREPAID.

Get rid of the Bad Blood in your system and you get rid of the Diseases.



DR. GILLAM.

Over 30 years ago Dr. Gillam, the distinguished Atlanta specialist, discovered a scientific combination of remedies that had the effect of literally driving the poisoned, diseased matter out of the blood, bones and entire system, thus curing the disease and at the same time producing a fine constitutional effect, building up the broken down constitution.

This Remedy is known as B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm), and has gained a wide world renown, so that it is for sale everywhere. That every sufferer may test its wonderful curative powers, a sample bottle will be sent, free of charge, and prepaid, to anyone who writes for it. This is a liberal offer, to prove at our expense that B. B. B. cures all Blood and Skin Diseases. Thousands upon thousands have been cured, even after doctors and all other remedies had utterly failed.

Have You These Symptoms?

If you have old, persistent sores, pimples, distressing eruptions of the skin, painful sores on hands, arms or legs, itching sensation, irritating skin troubles, eczema, scrofula, ulcers, Blood Poison, fever sores, mercurial rheumatism, face covered with little sores, cancer or any blood taint—then give B. B. B. a trial, because B. B. B.—Botanic Blood Balm—is made for just such cases, and it cures, to stay cured, all stubborn blood diseases. That distressing affliction, Eczema, itching skin eruptions and burning scaly sores, is always cured by the use of two or six bottles.

Cancer and Blood Poison.

Deadly Cancer of the face, neck, legs, lip, eating cancer or sores, cured by B. B. B.—Botanic Blood Balm. B. B. B. cures by driving the deadly, virulent poison, which causes cancer, out of the blood. This is the only cure, and B. B. B. is the only remedy that can do this. In the same way B. B. B. cures Blood Poison, whether inherited or acquired, producing ulcers, painful swellings, blotches, pimples, copper-colored spots, falling of the hair, sores in the throat or tongue, scrofula.

How to Obtain B. B. B.

If you feel that B. B. B is what you need, you will find large bottles for sale by all druggists for $1.00 or 6 bottles (full treatment) $5.00. For sample bottle enclose 2 stamps to pay postage and address Blood Balm Co., 149 Mitchell street, Atlanta, Ga., and trial bottle and medical book will be sent, all charges prepaid. Describe your trouble and we will include free medical advice.

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NEWS AND OPINIONS of National Importance.

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IS THE GREATEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

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Removal.

J. E. COWELL has removed his Barber Shop to Second street, between Market and Princess, corner Purcell alley. ma 10 tf

DON'T DESPAIR!

An American Scientist's Great Work.

Consumption, Pneumonia, La Grippe, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and All Lung and Bronchial Troubles Can be Positively and Permanently Cured.

Dr. Slocum's System of Treatment Has Revolutionized Old-Time Theories.

A Free Course of Treatment for All Sufferers for the Mere Asking.

SCENE IN THE SLOCUM LABORATORIES, NEW YORK CITY.

The Doctor Demonstrating to Medical Men, Scientists, Statesmen and Students the Value of the New Slocum System of Treatment for the Permanent Cure of Lung Consumption, Catarrh and All Pulmonary and Wasting Diseases.

Do you cough?
Do your lungs pain you?
Is your throat sore and inflamed?
Do you spit up phlegm?
Does your head ache?
Is your appetite bad?
Are your lungs delicate?
Are you losing flesh?
Are you pale and thin?
Do you lack stamina?

These symptoms are proof that you have in your body the seeds of the most dangerous malady that has ever devastated the earth—consumption.

Consumption, the bane of those who have been brought up in the old-fashioned beliefs that this disease was hereditary, that it was fatal, that none could recover who were once firmly clasped in its relentless grip.

But now known to be curable, made so by the world-stirring discoveries of that man whose name has been given to this new system of treatment.

Now known to be preventable and curable by following and practising his hygienic teachings.

The new system of treatment will cure you of consumption and of all diseases which can be traced back to weak lungs as a foundation.

It is not a drug system, but a system of germ destruction and body building.

Not guesswork, but science.

Not a step backward, but a stride out of the old ruts.

Made possible only by Pasteur's, Virchow's, Metchnikoff's and Slocum's latest discoveries in bacteriology, hygiene and therapeutics.

In plain English, a system of modern scientific disease curing.

The System consists of Four Preparations which act simultaneously and supplement each other's curative action.

You are invited to test what this system will do for you, if you are sick, by writing for a free treatment to the Slocum Laboratories, New York City.

WRITE TO THE DOCTOR.

Send your name and full express and postoffice address to the Slocum Laboratories, 98 Pine street, New York, and mention this paper, and the Four Free Preparations of medicine will be forwarded you.

The system is a positive cure for consumption, that most insidious disease, and for all lung troubles and disorders complicated by loss of flesh, Coughs, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc.

Thin, pale, weak people become fat and hearty by its use.

The test is to try it.

I HAVE PURCHASED THE ENTIRE

Boot and Shoe Stock

OF MR. H. VONGLAHN AT A BARGAIN, AND ON SATURDAY MORNING, THE 6TH INST., I shall place before the public such a Bargain as has never before been offered it, in this town.

IF YOU COME TO 109 MARKET STREET SATURDAY MORNING, (VonGlahn's old stand).

The goods and the prices at which we are going to sell them, will prove the honesty of this statement.

In this stock there are some of the FINEST AND COSTLIEST SHOES ever handled on this market.

Over 500 pairs of Ladies' Shoes,

which heretofore retailed from $2.00 to $3.50 per pair, will be sold for..... $1.00 per pair.

Between 1,000 and 1,200 pairs of Ladies' and Children's Slippers of all styles and colors, up-to-date goods, which will be sold from 15c to $1.50. They have been selling from 50c to $3.00. Calf Skin Boots, former price $3.00, will sell for $1.50. Rubber Boots, former price $3.00, will sell for $2.00. Hip Rubber Boots, former price $4.25, will sell for $2.75. Children's and Ladies' Rubber Sandals and Shoes from 10c up.

This community knows of VonGlahn's old stand; they also know of the quality of the goods he always carried, but they have

Never known Shoes to sell at such prices as we are going to sell these.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Proprietor.

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NOW IS THE TIME TO

Deposit in the Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.

Money deposited on or before May 1st will begin to bear interest from that date at

Rate of 4 Per Cent. Per Annum.

Call at the Bank for regulations.

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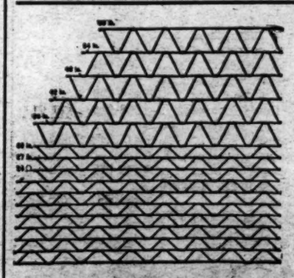

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IS THE STRONGEST, MOST DURABLE and CHEAPEST FENCE MADE.

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SEABOARD AIR LINE — SAL — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:30 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:36 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M.- Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:45 A. M., Raleigh 3:30 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:13 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 8:30 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 6:45A. M. Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:32 A. M., Raleigh 11:15 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:30 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

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V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. ja 10 tf

THE

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NEW YORK,

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ONEIDA ..... Saturday, May 6
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, May 13

Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, May 6
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ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, May 9
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Steamers do not carry passengers.

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ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 28 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 49 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 26 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m
South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m
No. 46		No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
11 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
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And Every Democrat, Every Republican, Every Man, Woman or Child who can read will want to read it.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK COURIER-JOURNAL is a Democratic paper, of six or eight pages, issued Wednesday and Saturday of each week. The Wednesday issue prints all the Clean News, and the Saturday issue prints Stories, Miscellany, Poetry, all matters of special interest in the home. It is edited by Henry Watterson.

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CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect April 17, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.05 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53 A. M., Warsaw 11.13 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.15 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.30 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Norfolk 5.35 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1 00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7 01 a M., Baltimore 8.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.38 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.50 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.35 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston *1.00 P. M., New York *2.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 3.50 A. M. Washington 4.50 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.31 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.26 P. M.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.00 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 5.44 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 3.45 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.38 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 9.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.03 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M. Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.15 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 6.30 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.15 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.59 P. M. Nashville 11.29 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 10.50 A. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrive Latta 10.24 A. M., Dillon 10.35 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 5.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 5.20 P. M., Latta 5.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.13 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Aartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.38 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P.M.; arrive Darlington 8.20 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.20 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.09 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1.06 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M., Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.02 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.39 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.19 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.08 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.25 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
apr 18 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1899.

FOOD SUPPLIES FOR TROOPS.

Special Instructions Cabled Military Commanders in the Philippines, Cuba and Porto Rico.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—As a result of the President's consideration of the report of the Wade Court of Inquiry appointed to investigate the character of the food supplied to the army, especially meats, during the recent war with Spain, the following instructions were to-day cabled to the military commanders in the Philippines, Cuba, and Porto Rico:

"General Otis, Manila; General Brook, Havana; General Davis, San Juan.—By the President's directions you have, from time to time, been requested to make suggestions as to change of rations for your troops, which you have complied with; but to better enable the President to determine under provisions, Section 1146, Revised Statutes, what alterations, if any, in established rations would be conducive to the better health of troops serving in tropical climates, the acting secretary of war directs that you institute a board of three officers, noted for their ability and experience, serving respectively in the line, medical and subsistence departments, to fully examine into the subject of any desired changes in the ration for the troops of your command, and that you submit subst nce of report of its investigations by cable, and full report by mail, together with your recommendation. Refer to board previous correspondence and other available information relating to dietetics. Particularly should the experience of officers and enlisted men of long service in the tropics recieve full consideration.

(Signed) "H. C. CORBIN,
"Adjutant General."

BOLIVIA'S REVOLUTION.

Over One Hundred Prisoners Murdered by Indians After Torture and Revolting Treatment.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The Department of State has been informed by our minister at Lapaz, Bolivia, under date of March 28th, 1899, that on March 1st Colonel Pendo sent from his army at Sicasica 120 men, commanded by Arturo Eguino, to Ayopaya, there to confer with Mr. Crellama as to the best means for simultaneously attacking Cochabamba. On arriving at the town of Mohoza, Eguino demanded a loan of 200 bolivars from the mayor. This demand being refused, the priest and mayor were imprisoned. Meanwhile, however, the priest had dispatched couriers to the Indian villages, asking that the natives attack Pendo's men. A large crowd of Indians came, and in spite of all measures taken to pacify them, the arms of the soldiers were taken away, the men subjected to revolting treatment and finally locked inside the church for the night.

In the morning the priest, after celebrating the so-called "mass of agony," allowed the Indians to take out the unfortunate victims, two by two, and 103 were deliberately murdered, each pair by different tortures. Seventeen escaped death, by having departed the day previous on another mission.

Each day brings news of the rising of Indians in different sections of the northern part of the country. A large party of whites arrived in Lapaz today, fleeing from Indian threats.

HOMICIDE IN ROBESON.

Tucker Dial Killed by Ed. Lowrey at Scuffletown—Murderer Escaped.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LUMBERTON, N. C., May 6.—Ed. Lowrey, a nephew of Henry Berry Lowrey, the famous outlaw of Eastern Carolina, shot and killed Tucker Dial, at Scuffletown, yesterday. The shooting was the result of a law suit over some land. It appears that Lowrey went to the place where Dial was at work and ordered him to leave the premises. This Dial refused to do. Thereupon Lowrey emptied a load of shot into Dial's chest, killing him instantly. Lowrey then effected his escape. He is a desperate character and may attempt defiance of the authorities. He is also accused of killing a man in Clinton county, Georgia, some years ago."

THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP.

Will Leave Washington Monday for Hot Springs, Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Arrangements have been practically completed for the President's trip to Virginia, and according to the present plans he will leave Washington Monday. He will be accompanied by Mrs. McKinley, Dr. Rixey (his physician), Assistant Secretary Cortelyou and probably a stenographer.

The President's trip is taken solely for the purpose of rest and recreation. His general health is even better than it was at the time of his Philadelphia trip, and his desire is to take a rest before the heated term sets in. He received callers to-day as usual, all of whom said he was looking well and was bright and cheerful.

NICARAGUA ADVICES.

The Government Agrees to Settlement of Claims of U. S. Citizens.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANAGUA, NICARAGUA, May 6, via Galveston, Texas, May 6.—The Bluefields correspondent of *El Comercio* telegraphs to that paper to-day that Captain William L. Merry, the United States minister to Nicaragua, has agreed to a settlement of the claims of United States citizens there against the Nicaraguan government. The settlement according to *El Comercio's* correspondent, is favorable to Nicaragua, and is in the nature of a triumph for her minister of foreign relations.

A letter from Williamsburg, Va., reports that the complete skeleton of a mastodon has been exhumed near Roxbury, in Charles City county, and that the authorities of William and Mary College have taken steps to secure it.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

CLOSING IN ON FILIPINO FORCES.

Lawton and MacArthur's Columns Converging Upon Mount Arayat.

LEADERS' LAST STRONGHOLD.

Collapse of the Rebellion Expected Within a Week or Ten Days—The Philippine Commission—The President's Instructions.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The officials of the State and War Department are looking for speedy collapse of the insurrection in the Philippines. Not only is this expectation based on the private advices that have come from the Philippine commission as to the negotiations that have been going on between that body and the insurgent representatives, but also upon the successful development of MacArthurs and Lawton's campaign. So far as the commission's reports are concerned they indicate that the insurgents have at last recognized the inevitable break-down of their struggle, and are simply striving, by protracting the resistance, to secure the most liberal terms possible in the erection of a government in the Philippines. They have not in any diplomatic sense acknowledged the sovereignty of the United States, but have recognized the physical domination of our military forces and while they have talked more or less of independence, even at the last moment, without doubt they will accept readily any proposition looding to a protectorate.

To Make No Promises.

The President's instructions, however, are clear on this point, and the commission understands that it is to take no action in a way of making promises that will deprive Congress of a free hand in disposing of the future of the Philippines.

It is believed that an animating purpose in the Filipino representations is to make sure that whatever form of government is adopted will afford lucrative and influential places for the many ambitious Philippine leaders. The administration sees nothing irreconcilable with a firm government over the islands by the United States, the opportunity for the Filipinos being found in a liberal provision for municipal and even provincial native government in the islands. United States officials properly distributed throughout the islands in supervisory capacities, charged to interfere as little as possible with local affairs as long as they are conducted without abuses, and a few garrisons of troops at strategic points, supported by a naval contingent, it is thought by officials here, may prove to be all that is necessary for the effective maintenance of United States sovereignty over the islands, while meeting the native aspirations for home rule.

The Philippine commission has been instructed on these points, and President Schurman especially is sanguine of the commission's ability to bring about the acceptance of these conditions by the insurgents.

Approaching Its End.

Aside from the encouragement conveyed by the progress of the peace negotiations, the officials find a bright promise in the rapid development of the military campaign. The press reports this morning, announcing that Lawton is meeting with slight resistance in his movement northward, that the insurgents are fleeing before him, and, more important still, that they are casting away their arms, are facts tending to indicate the approach of the end. The throwing away of arms is claimed by the naval officers to be the result of the navy's effort to cut the supply of incoming ammunition to the insurgents. Without ammunition there would be no inducement to carry along their weapons. The army officers here say that it is either lack of ammunition or a breaking down of their courage that has led the Filipinos to abandon their rifles.

Moving northward from Balinag, where he is reported this morning, Lawton is apparently converging with his forces upon Mount Arayat, a distance of about sixteen miles, the point at the bend of the Rio Grande where Otis predicted the insurgents would make their last stand. With MacArthur moving northward from San Fernando, the two columns should meet before this last insurgent stronghold within about four days, if they meet with no more than the ordinary opposition, so that even if diplomacy fails there is hope of the collapse of the rebellion from purely military reasons within a week or ten days.

Lawton's Advance.

MANILA, May 6, 4.15 P. M.—Major General Lawton's column advanced to a position two and a half miles north of Balinag to-day. Before making a forward movement General Lawton sent back to Manila two wounded men of the Minnesota regiment and one of the Oregonians who was hurt in yesterday's fight, beside twenty sick men. They were sent by way of Malolos.

General Lawton's advance met with but slight opposition outside of Massin. Two thousand rebels, who occupied an entrenched position, were routed in short order.

Many corpses of rebels have been discovered in the river at San Tomas. Scores of rifles and other arms have been recovered from the river, into which they were thrown by the retreating rebels.

General MacArthur's division is resting at San Fernando, making in the meantime extensive reconnoissances.

The Bennington Grounded.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The following dispatch has been received at the Navy Department from Admiral Dewey:

"The Bennington grounded; shoal not on chart, on north side of Paney, Philippine islands. Came off twenty-three hours later. Has been examined by divers. Damage is not serious, but it is necessary to dock the vessel. I have sent her to Hong Kong. No blame is attached to any one."

THE NAVAL RESERVES.

Allotment of the Goverment Appropriation.

North Carolina's Portion $2,328.15.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The Navy Department has just made an allotment of the appropriation of the funds of $60,000 for the assistance of the naval militia of the States supporting such organizations. Among the States receiving appropriations are the following: Florida, $2,345.01; Georgia, $1,563.95; Louisiana, $3,008.49; North Carolina, $2,328.15; South Carolina, $2,310.38, and Virginia, $1,848.30.

The Fourth Tennessee regiment was mustered out of service at Savannah yesterday and left on special trains.

CUBAN TROOPS WILL BE PAID NEXT WEEK.

As a Condition All Arms Must be Surrendered—Inflammatory Utterances by Cuban Leaders.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, May 6.—Forty thousand will be used as the divisor in fixing the shares of the soldiers in the $3,000,000 alloted by the United States government to be divided among the Cuban troops, and the payment will begin at the end of next week. A general order declaring the payment and setting forth the rules to be observed will be issued by Governor General Brooke on Monday next. The governor general and General Gomez have decided that it would be impracticable to try to verify further the army rolls as submitted by the recently dissolved Cuban Assembly.

General Brooke to-day sent to General Gomez a list of the commissioners for the several corps, asking if he wished to make any changes. The commissioners—one Cuban and one American—for each corps, will be ordered to meet at once in Havana to take action as to the details of the division of the money. The order in which the payments will be made is as follows: First, in Havana province; then in the provinces of Pinar del Rio, Matanzas, Santa Clara, Puerto Principe and Santiago.

The next important rule laid down is one requiring the giving up of all arms as a condition of the payment of the $75 each man is to receive. After all the privates and non-commissioned officers are paid some money will be left and this remainder will probably be divided among the maimed and destitute officers of the army.

Governor General Ludlow, military governor of the depar tment of Havana, recently asked Senor Lanuza, secretary of justice in Gen. Brooke's advisory cabinet, to arrange to allow American lawyers to practice here because of the desire of the American syndicates and merchants coming to Havana to employ Americans to defend their interests. Senor Lanuza referred the matter to the Universidad, which governs admission to the Havana bar. Its reply, which was approved by the secretary of justice, was a refusal of the request; it being held that it would be for the best interests of Americans to employ Cubans with a knowledge of the local laws.

Inflammatory Speeches.

Utterances by General Lacret and others of the Assemblist leaders are published here to-day which might be regarded as tending to inflame the minds of the Cubans against the United States and incite them to outlawry. General Lacret is quoted as saying that, while he has no doubt of the honorable intentions of the United States toward the Cubans, troubles and misunderstandings arise through the ignorance of departments as to the conditions in Cuba.

The General is also reported to have said that he could not see how the lower classes will be able to live during the year. The crops are now harvested, business is dull and industries at a standstill. The capital of the islanders is hoarded, while foreign capital is timid. The General said he was confident that starving Cubans would soon be obliged to steal in order to keep body and soul together, and that were they to steal his property he could not blame them. As for the $3,000,000 from the United States for the payment of the Cuban soldiers, that money would soon be spent in saloons and would give no substantial help.

Talk like this, which is repeated by other prominent Cubans, is believed to be causing outlawry.

Strikes are spreading. The stevedores at Cienfuegos have again quit work.

THE RACING SEASON.

Twenty Thousand People Attended the Morris Park Meeting—Filigrane Won the Metropolitan Stakes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Racing in real earnest for 1899 began to-day at Morris Park, the Spring meeting at Aqueduct being little more than a curtain raiser for the greater events of the year. The day was such a fine one that the people came in crowds, and when the first race was run there was scarcely a vacant seat on the great grand stand and the lawn was filled. When the time came for the Metropolitan handicap, there were at least 20,000 people at the track.

Shortly before 4 o'clock the candidates for the Metropolitan handicap, fourteen in all, were sent out for their final furlong through the stretch and every one was full of life.

The closing of the betting showed Filigrane a consistent favorite all the way through. There was considerable delay at the post, owing to the actions of Box, who refused to join his field, but they finally got away well, with Algol first to show. Previous was close behind, Sanders next and St. Cloud following. They had pretty well settled in their places when a quarter had been run, and Sanders was out in front.

Sanders led as they straightened out in the stretch. Ethel Bert, however, had quickened his pace a trifle and got his neck in front of Filigrane. Imp half a length behind him and Algol fourth. The others were out of it then. Down to the last furlong pole went the leaders, with the jockeys driving hard. Sanders was still in front, but the thundering hoofs were getting nearer and nearer, and horse and rider strained their utmost to hold the slight advantage that was slipping away so fast. Ethel Bert was almost at his throat-latch a furlong from home, and was gaining with every stride, and the crowd yelled wildly for the game three-year old. It was but an instant, then the all scarlet jacket of Clawson on Filigrane flashed by them as if they were standing still, and the race was over. The Morris stable had again won the Metropolitan, and with the favorite this time. It was a well timed rush of Clawson's and he won by a good length, though he had to drive hard to do it.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Philadelphia, 3; Baltimore, 11.

Boston, 10; Brooklyn, 12. (Ten innings.)

Pittsburg, 10; Louisville, 9. (Eleven innings.)

New York, 3; Washington, 2.

Cincinnati, 11; St. Louis, 0.

Chicago, 10; Cleveland, 0.

Major George A. Whitehead, of the staff of General Joe Wheeler in the civil war, died in Savannah, Ga., yesterday, aged 63. For twenty years subsequent to the civil war he was connected with the Central of Georgia Railway and Banking Company.

BITTER AGAINST UNITED STATES.

Feeling in Germany That German Interests in Samoa Have Suffered.

STEADILY GAINING STRENGTH

The Press Reflects the Sentiment Against the United States and Great Britain With Increasing Violence—Government Strangely Silent.

[Copyrighted 1899 by the Associated Press.]

BERLIN, May 6.—The belief has taken complete possession of the public mind in Germany that German interests in Samoa have been brutally and ruthlessly disregarded, both by England and the United States. It seems that this view is steadily gaining strength with nearly all classes. The press certainly reflects the sentiment with increasing violence. The government has done nothing the past week, either to fortify or to dispel this trend of public opinion. The government press has been strangely silent upon the subject.

Bitter Against United States.

The Agraian newspapers and many other journals have seized the occasion of the birthday anniversary of the Imperial Minister for Foreign Affairs, Baron Von Buelow, to severely attack him for what they style his supine disregard of Germany's legitimate interests in Samoa and his alleged obsequiousness toward Great Britain and the United States. The matter of claims for damages, both in Samoa and the Philippine islands, for German property destroyed in recent engagements, has also been injected into the press discussion with singularly growing excitement, the assertion being made that the United States meant to disregard these "just claims." The Imperial Foreign office, however, has done nothing to create or foster this condition of public feeling.

In the course of an interview with the correspondent here of the Associated Press, the United States Ambassador to Germany, Mr. Andrew D. White, said:

Claims for Damages.

"The question of German claims for damages for property destroyed in the Philippine islands or in Samoa in consequence of acts of our naval or land forces was never once mentioned during all the conferences which I have had with the Imperial Minister for Foreign Affairs. So far as I am aware no such question has yet come up at the foreign office. At any rate it is too early to discuss the subject, as no evidence, pro or con, has been advanced on either side."

It appears that the sole basis for the wholesale charges in the newspaper press with regard to these allged enormons damages is a few private letters received from the Philippine islands and Samoa, in which the writers seek to make out a case in advance.

The *Vissiche Zeitung*, and other journals, have re-produced two of these letters, taking for granted all that was therein claimed, and arguing on the lines presented by the writers of the letters, who, among a number of alleged facts, asserted that Major General Otis, at Manila, had bluntly declined to recognize any German claims for damage. When United States Ambassador White was asked about this matter by the Associated Press correspondent, he was very reticent, only saying: "Of course the reports of General Otis on any of these cases would have great weight with the State Department; but in any event the final adjustment of such claims must be made at Washington and not at Manila."

Planned by the English.

The *Kreuz Zeitung*, in the course of an editorial article that has attracted a great deal of attention, said:

"Despite the African agreement between England and Germany, and despite the civilities interchanged, this extraordinarily perfidious action in Samoa was planned by the English, who kept in the background and sent some American hot-spurs to the front in order to establish the fact of an Anglo-American brotherhood in arms and embroil Germany and the United States, to the extent that an understanding was rendered next to impossible. This much is certain, that the friendly understanding between the United States and Germany is a combination that British state craft just now relishes least of all."

The Agrarian *Deutsche Tages Zeitung*, in the course of a severe review of Germany's attitude towards the United States during the past year, blames the imperial foreign office with "knuckling down to the Americans" in every case, even recalling the instance of Admirial von Diederichs at Manila, "so as not to hurt the feelings of Messieurs the Americans." The article concludes as follows:

Emperor Too Friendly.

"Only by now showing a bold and unyielding front can the prestige of the empire, which has suffered so seriously latterly, be re established."

The same newspaper and a number of others blame the Emperor for showing too much friendliness toward Americans, and charge President McKinley with a gross want of tact in not replying to Emperor William's telegram of congratulation on the subject of the new trans-Atlantic cable in German, and thus "outraging all internal courtesy."

On the other hand, the Berlin *Tageblatt*, the Cologne *Gazette* and the greater part of the Liberal press take a more rational view of the relations between Germany and the United States, alluding to the good will of the United States as recently shown on several occasions in highly complimentary terms.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Monday, May 5, 1899.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 5.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending May 5:

	1899.	1898.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week.....	68,461	55,142
Total receipts to this date.....	7,922,033	8,224,839
Exports for week..	108,919	111,914
Total exports to date.....	6,445,843	6,625,074
Stock in all U. S. ports	745,713	629,418
Stock at all interior towns.....	409,890	250,273
Stock in Liverpool,	1,601,000	1,253,000
American afloat for Great Britain...	56,000	102,000

A special from Rome announces that the Pope has signed a bull proclaiming a sacred year of universal jubilee, beginning December 25th, next. His Holiness accords plenary indulgence to pilgrims to Rome and other recognized shrines of the church throughout the world during 1900.

THE DREYFUS AFFAIR.

De Freycinet, French Minister of War, Has Resigned—His Successor's Announcement.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, May 6.—M. Charles de Freycinet to day tendered his resignation to M. Dupuy, the premier, of the portfolio of war. M. Dupuy immediately summoned a meeting of the cabinet which M. de Freycinet did not attend.

At the conclusion of the cabinet meeting M. Dupuy had a conference with President Loubet, with the result that M. Camille Krantz, at present minister of public works, was appointed to succeed M. de Freycinet. Senator Monestier has been selected to succeed M. Krantz as minister of public works.

M. Camille Krantz, the new minister of war, said in the course of an interview that he fully realized the difficulties surrounding the office to which he had been appointed, but he declared that he had a perfectly open mind with regard to the Dreyfus matter. He never had been connected with the affair. It is understood that M. Krantz will cleanse his department of every one who was mixed in any way with Dreyfus.

M. de Freycinet's resignation was a great surprire to French politicians, but it is the general impression that he was anxious to escape a probable *de bacle* in the near future.

THE IDAHO TROUBLE.

Sheriff Young, of Shoshone County, Arrested by U. S. Troops.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WARDNER, IDAHO, May 6.—James D. Young, Sheriff of Shoshone county, was arrested upon an order of State Auditor Sinclair to-day. Sinclair is acting as the personal representative of Governor Stenunberg. The arrest was made by United States troops and the sheriff is now confined in a barn with 300 other prisoners, charged with aiding and abetting riot, and proceedings will be commenced immediately by Attorney General Hayes to remove him from office. In the meantime, Coroner France will act as sheriff.

After the sheriff had been placed in custody the Attorney General asked for the resignation of county commissioner William Boyle. Boyle asked for time in which to consider the m atter, but this was refused and a squad of troops placed him under arrest.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Large Sale of Print Cloths at Fall River. The Tone Strong.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Fall River sold to-day one million pieces of print cloths, spot and future delivery, on basis of 2¼c for regular squares. This puts the cloth market in an extraordinarily strong position. Effect on the general cotton goods market is beneficial. No marked change in demand here for either staple or fancy lines, but the market closes strong in tone. American cotton yarns inactive and prices easy.

WARM WIRELETS.

The schooner Thomas F. Pollard, which cleared from Philadelphia for Savannah with coal, was beached in the Delaware river below New Castle, Del., to prevent her sinking.

Captain James Allen Colvin, assistant adjutant general of volunteers, died at Fort McPherson yesterday of pheumonia. Captain Colvin was brought there from Greenville, S. C., three weeks ago.

Hugh Cavanaugh, twenty-two years of age, was killed by a pitched ball during a game between the Washington Athletic Club of Mont Clair, and the Emerald Athletic Club team of Newark, at Mont Clair.

A dispatch from Mount Victory, O., says: Deputy Sheriff Frank Morrison was shot dead by Ike Bird while trying to arrest him. After the murder Bird sent a bullet through his own heart, expiring instantly.

Mrs. Wm. C. Whitney, wife of the former Secretary of the Navy, died shortly before 1 o'clock yesterday. Mrs. Whitney was thrown from her horse while fox-hunting in Aiken, S. C., on February 21st, 1898, and seriously injured.

By formal order issued from the War Department, the fortifications on Tybee Island, Ga., and the military reservation at that point will hereafter be known as Fort Screven, in honor of James Screven, colonel and brigadier general of Georgia militia during the war of the revolution.

The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserve, decrease, $6,172,725; loans, increase, $16,564,400; specie, decrease, $729,700; legal tenders, decrease, $1,435,500; deposits, increase, $16,030,100; circulation, decrease, $73,500. The banks now hold $19,351,950 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

Consign Your Chickens, Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to R. B. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington N. C. oc 30 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 10 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Sale—A fine Milch Cow, Half Jersey and half Guinea, with young calf, giving about 15 quarts milk a day. James I. Metts. my 7 3t

Seats for Bloome's Famous Dark Town Minstrels now on sale at Gerken's. Prices: 10, 20 and 30 cents. Going like hot cakes. my 7 1t

Miss Lord will open a new Night Class in Dancing, Monday, May 8th, 8.15 o'clock, a Germania Hall. Apply at 304 South Front street. th su my 4 2t

I Want the public to know that I have again assumed personal control of the Livery at this point, and am fast bringing it up to a high standard and will furnish the best rigs in the section. Kindly remember Maxton is the place when in need of Livery. A. J. McKinnon. my 3 1w

Wanted—50 bushels Whipowill Peas. Nice fresh Eggs, grown and Spring Chickens, Sweet Potatoes, stall-fed Cattle, N. C. Hams, Black Eye Peas, long straw Timber, on consignments. Quick sales and prompt returns. T. D. Love, 24 North Water. ap 21 tf

Agents Wanted—For "The Life and Achievements of Admiral Dewey," the world's greatest naval hero. By Murat Halstead, the life-long friend and admirer of the nation's idol. Biggest and best book; over 200 pages, 8x10 inches; nearly 100 pages halftone illustrations; map in colors. Only $1.50. Enormous demand. Big commissions. Outfit free. Chance of a lifetime. Write quick. The Dominion Company, Caxton Bldg., Chicago. apr 18 1m

For Best Prices ship your Lambs, Beef Cattle and all kinds of produce to M. C. Benson, Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street. ap 16 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

Photographic Notice—I will be out of the city for a while. Reserve your orders for me. Special inducement when I come. U. C. Ellis, Photographer. ma 26 tf

For Sale—Horse, Buggy and Harness. Apply to Jno. B McEachern's Feed Store, 211 Market street. mar 19 tf

Music for receptions, balls, sociables and other entertainments furnished by John Francisco's String Band (colored). John Francisco, Italian Harpist, leader. Residence No. 204 Walnut street, Wilmington, N. C. mar 18 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 23 tf

Just Arrived—400 bunches fine Bananas, 25 barrels Jamaica Oranges. For sale cheap by A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. no 15 tf

The Murchison National Bank.

Capital $200,000.

Our Business Keeps on Growing,

But We are Prepared for All That Comes.

WILL SERVE YOU

Promptly, Accurately, Safely.

We buy and sell Foreign Exchange, and furnish Letters of Credit available all over the world.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
apr 29 tf

For any kind of GOOD SHOES Call on Us.

We can generally suit even the most fastidious customer.

Be sure and see the "JENNESS MILLER" at $3.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 3.00
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00

These are the BEST SHOES MADE, at the prices, for Ladies' wear.
The W. L. Douglass Gent's Fine Shoes are Beauties." Try them also.

Fresh supplies constantly arriving.

MERCER & EVANS.
apr 16 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. LEE H. BATTLE. Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

With resources of over $1,000,000 we guarantee safety.

Our large facilities afford every accommodation.

Loans made daily give promptness.

A desire to please ensure courteous attention.

With these facts before you we ask for your business.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent.

apr 30 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

30 24 tf

BETWEEN ONE THING AND ANOTHER

We always manage to turn out the best fitting Clothing in the city. Our line of imported and Domestic Suitings are superb. They catch the eye of every one.

Come in and let us show you our line. It will cost you nothing to look and little to buy.

Our lines of Collars, Cuffs, Shirts, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, etc., etc., will interest.

Neckwear of every description.

M. H. CURRAN,
107 Princess street.
my 7 tf

Our Competitors Squealed in their Advertisements of the past week.

Did you read them? They do not like our method. **WHY?**

Because it suits the majority of the shoppers of Wilmington. We are not selfish, and when we have a GOOD THING we share it with our customers and friends, and by their liberal support we are convinced that our efforts are appreciated.

A few of the Good Things this week:

Crown Ponges sold in New York retail stores at 18c; our price for this case is 12½c a yard. Beautiful assortment of patterns.

Extra Heavy White Pique for Skirts, 15, 20 and 25c.

Piques for Shirt Waists in all shades, 15c.

35c colored Mulhouse Organdy, beautiful patterns, 25c.

Fancy striped and plaid Ribbons for ties and belts, only 35c per yard.

Ladies' Muslin and Cambric Gowns, Lace and Hamburg Trimming, 50c to $3.00 each.

W. B. Sumner Corset, all sizes, only 50c, 75c and $1.00; every pair warranted.

Reed Portiers, in ten different colorings to select from, $1.95 and $1.50 each; suitable for Summer house.

100 dozen Clover Leaf Towels, large size; special this week, 10c.

At 50c we show the most complete line of Gent's Neckwear in all styles.

Fullstock of Gent's Negligee Shirts, 50c, 75c and $1.00 each.

Gent's Underwear in Balbriggan and fancy weave, 50c.

Our black and colored Kid Gloves will be sold at 99c a pair this month. Every pair warranted by the maker.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.,
No. 9 North Front street,
my 7 tf Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.

A RELISH THAT ADDS PIQUANCY

to the flavor of a meal, besides all the most delicious sauces, condiments and jams, jellies and pickles. For 25c we sell you a pint bottle of McMechen's "Old Virginia" chili sauce the usual price is 35c. VanCamp's catsup in 15c and 25c bottles we sell at 10c and 15c. Of course you know that the usual price of Dea and Perrin's "Worcestershire Sauce" is 35c for half pints and 60c for pints. We sell at 30c and 50c respectively. On this week's steamer from New York, we have a lot of cakes and crackers, fresh from the bakery, which we will retail at 10c per pound. This does sound cheap, but they are all right.

THE KING GROCERY CO.
B F. KING, MANAGER.
'Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
my 7 tf

I HAVE BEEN IN THIS CITY FOR MORE THAN 10 YEARS SELLING BARGAINS,

And the best proof that I sell Dry Goods, Shoes, Clothing, Underwear, Men's and Ladies' Hats, Carpets and Matting CHEAPER than can be bought elsewhere is this:

I began business with a very small stock, and my trade has increased every year until now. I do not come second to any, but I lead the procession in a big stock, best assortment, lowest price and the largest crowd. I ask that you join the procession of happy customers who buy for cash and get Bargains every time.

Our Millinery.

This department is what interests the ladies. We are sending Hats by express all over the country. We have lots of mail orders, and we please all customers or refund the money.

We sell Trimmed Hats, all styles and prices, from 30c to $15.00.

We can please the humble and the fastidious.

We have on hand 2,000 bunches of Flowers, Violets, Foliage, Lilies and every other style.

Beautiful bunch of Violets from 3c to 75c

Roses from 5c to 98c.

Lilacs at 18c.

Corn Flowers at 22c.

Ribbon from 1c to $1.00; 3,000 rolls to select from.

Silk Veiling from 8c to 35c.

Hats every style, every shape, all grades.

One thousand Sailors from 5c to $1.50; all the new styles.

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